Tax Guide 2014

A GUIDE TO YOUR 2014 ANZ CONSOLIDATED TAX STATEMENT

Welcome to your Tax Guide 2014

This Tax Guide should be used with your 2014 Consolidated Taxation Statement ('Statement') to help you complete your income tax return relating to your ANZ investment.

What you will need

To complete your 2014 tax return, you will need a copy of the 2014 'ATO individual tax return'. You may also wish to refer to the 'ATO individual tax return instructions 2014' and the 'ATO individual tax return instructions supplement 2014'.

These publications and other useful publications are available from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) by visiting their website www.ato.gov.au or calling their Publications Ordering Service on 1300 720 092. Alternatively, you may download e-tax software from www.ato.gov.au

Important information to consider before using this Tax Guide

- Your Statement and this Tax Guide assume you are an Australian resident individual for tax purposes. If you are a non-resident individual, a part-year resident, a corporate investor, a superannuation fund or a trustee, please consult your tax adviser about the taxation treatment of your ANZ investment.
- Your Statement includes information about distributions you are entitled to for the financial year ended 30 June 2014. You are required to include these distributions in your tax return even if you received your distribution payment after 30 June 2014.

- You may have capital gains reported on your Statement although you have not redeemed any units. This is because distributions you have received may include net capital gains associated with the sale of investments by the trust(s) in which you are invested.
- If you have investments other than your ANZ investment, you will need to combine the taxable components from your other investments with the taxable components from your ANZ investment before completing your 2014 tax return.
- In this Tax Guide we have provided information on all the amounts that may appear on your Statement. Some of this information may not be relevant to your investment and may not appear on your Statement.

How to use this Tax Guide

Your Statement may consist of three sections:

- Tax return information.
- Detailed breakdown of distribution components.
- Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units.

This Tax Guide will take you step-by-step through the information in each section and explain how to use the information to complete your 2014 tax return.

This Tax Guide and your Statement do not take into account your personal circumstances and do not constitute tax advice and should not be relied upon as a substitute for tax advice. We recommend you seek your own independent tax advice to address your personal circumstances. If you have any questions relating to the investments you hold, please contact your financial adviser or Customer Services on 13 38 63, or email us at customer@onepath.com.au



Tax return information

The amounts reported in the 'Tax return information' section of your statement correspond to the questions and labels on the 2014 individual tax return. If you do not have amounts from other sources relevant to these tax return questions, you can simply transfer the amounts from the 'Tax return information' section of your Statement to the corresponding tax return question and label.

For example, if you have an amount on your Statement in the 'Tax return information' section titled 'Non-primary production income', this will need to be entered in 'Question 13: Partnerships and trusts' in 'Label U: Share of net income from trusts less capital gains, foreign income and franked distributions' on your 2014 individual tax return.

There are six questions you may need to complete in the 2014 individual tax return in relation to your ANZ investment. These questions are:

- Question 10 Gross interest
- Question D7 Interest deductions
- Question 13 Partnerships and trusts
- Question 18 Capital gains
- Question 20 Foreign source income and foreign assets or property
- Question 24 Other income

If these tax return questions are not listed on this section of your Statement, you do not need to complete these tax return questions for your ANZ investment.

If you are using e-tax 2014 you can enter the amounts for questions 13, 18 and 20 in the 'Managed Funds' section. Please refer to the ANZ website for a Guide to using e-tax 2014.

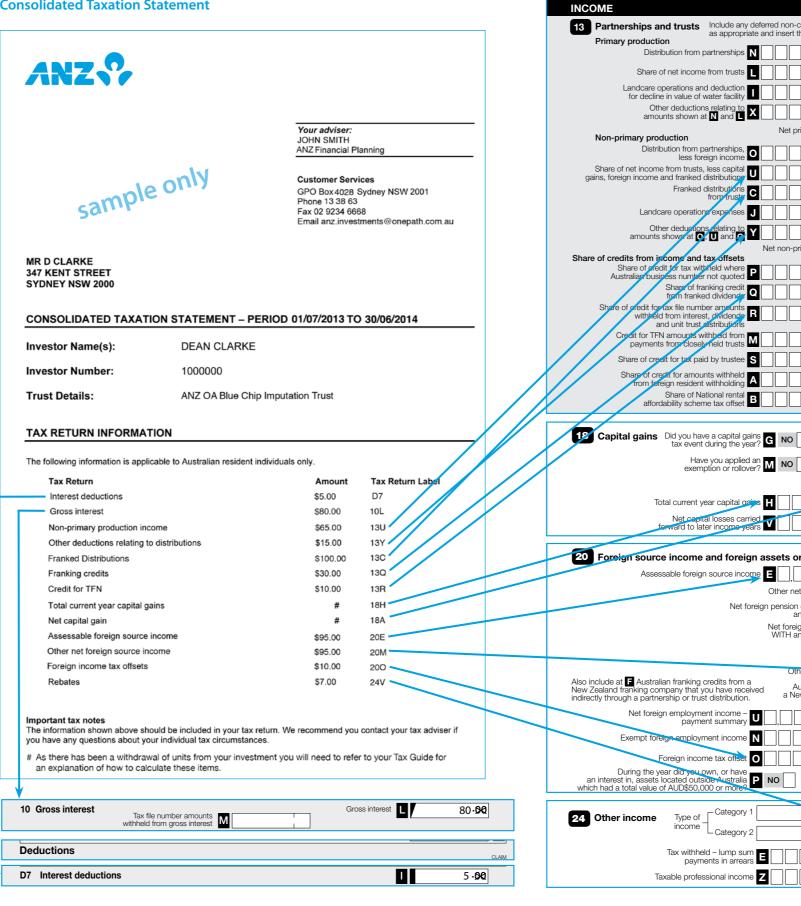
Rebates

Any rebates paid throughout the financial year are shown at 'Rebates,' corresponding to tax return label 24V. This will include the 'Management Fee rebates' and 'Other rebates' shown in the 'Detailed breakdown of distribution components' section of your Statement. If you have invested in a Nil/Deferred Entry Fee product and your financial adviser has rebated initial commission as additional units to your investment, these amounts are also shown at tax return label 24V. All rebates are paid by the investment manager. The tax treatment of rebates is not clear; therefore, we recommend you seek independent tax advice as to whether these amounts are assessable.

Capital Gains Tax (CGT)

If you redeemed units from your investment, you will need to review the 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section of your Statement to determine if a capital gain or loss has been made on these redemptions, and follow the instructions in the 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section of the Tax Guide to determine the information required for your tax return.

Consolidated Taxation Statement



SUPPLEMENTARY SECTION

ad non-commercial business losses from a prior year at 🔀 or 🍸 insert the relevant code in the TYPE box.
Net primary production amount
Show amounts of:
□ 6 5 · 90 □ ■ foreign income at item 19 or 20.
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Australian franking credits from a New Zealand franking company
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Australian franking credits from a New Zealand franking company Image: Company </td

Detailed breakdown of distribution components

This section provides a detailed breakdown of the distribution components that have been paid from your investment for the financial year. Information from this section has been consolidated in the 'Tax return information' section of your Statement for easy transfer to your tax return. You are not required to enter information from this section directly into your tax return. However, you may be required to use the information in this section to calculate your Capital Gains Tax liability.

For an explanation of the components that appear in the 'Detailed breakdown of distribution components' section of your Statement, please refer to the definitions provided below. Please note that all of the components that appear below may not be present on your Statement, only the components relevant to your investment will appear.

Term deposits

Gross interest

Interest from term deposits.

Interest deductions

Early withdrawal adjustment amount when a term deposit is withdrawn prior to maturity.

Non-primary production income

Australian sourced income received through a trust, excluding capital gains and foreign income.

Unfranked dividends

Dividends paid by an Australian company on which tax has not been paid. There is no franking credit attached to unfranked dividends.

	Distributed amount	Tax credits
	\$	s
ANZ OA Blue Chip Imputation Trust		
ABN 16 159 286 645		
Income and tax credits		
Non-primary production income		
 Dividends - Unfranked 	40.00	
 Dividends – Unfranked CFI 	0.00	
- Interest	10.00	
- Rent	10.00	
 Other Income 	5.00	
Franked Distributions	0.00	
 Dividends - Franked 	70.00	
 Franking Credit 		30.00
Foreign Income		
 Foreign Income 	85.00	
 Foreign Tax Offset 		10.00
Tax Free Amounts	3.00	
Tax Deferred Amounts	15.00	
Capital Gains		
 Capital Gains - Discount Method NTARP 	35.00	
 Capital Gains - Discount Method TARP CGT Concession Amount TARP 	35.00 40.00	
 CGT Concession Amount TARP CGT Concession Amount NTARP 	40.00	
 Capital Gains - Indexation Method NTARP 	30.00	
 Capital Gains - Indexation Method TARP 	30.00	
 Capital Gains - Other Method NTARP 	30.00	
 Capital Gains - Other Method TARP Total Distribution 	0.00	
	478.00	
 Less TFN/ABN tax 		
 Less non-resident withholding tax – MIT 		
 Less non-resident withholding tax – Others 		
Net distribution	478.00	
Management Fee rebates	5.00	
Other rebates	2.00	

This example is provided for illustrative purposes only.

Unfranked CFI dividends

Any part of unfranked dividends made by an Australian corporate tax entity that it declares to be Conduit Foreign Income (CFI). Non-residents of Australia are not required to pay Australian tax on unfranked CFI dividends.

Interest

Income on cash deposits and fixed interest securities.

Rent

Rental income that is received from properties held directly and/or indirectly by the trust.

Other income

Australian income that may include gains on disposal of assets of a revenue nature such as fixed interest securities.

Franked distributions

Franked dividends

Dividends paid by an Australian company on which tax has been paid. The dividend comes with a franking credit.

Franking credits

The credit for the tax that an Australian company has already paid on its earnings, before these earnings are paid to you. Australian residents may use these franking credits to offset tax payable on their taxable income and may also claim them back from the ATO if they have no tax payable. Please refer to the ATO publication 'You and your shares 2013/2014' to determine the application of the Holding period rule and your ability to claim these credits.

Foreign income

Foreign income

Includes interest, dividends, revenue gains, foreign exchange gains or other income earned on investments held overseas.

Foreign income tax offsets

Tax paid in a foreign country on foreign income. The credit may offset Australian tax on the foreign income. Please refer to Question 20 of the Individual tax return instructions supplement 2014 for further information.

Tax-free, tax-deferred and return of capital

Tax-free amount

Amounts distributed that are not assessable at the time of distribution. If you receive a tax-free amount and you make a capital loss on redemption, the tax-free amount will reduce your capital loss.

Tax-deferred amount

Amounts distributed that are not assessable at the time of distribution. They arise due to differences between the accounting and tax treatment of income and expenses. Building allowances are an example. On redemption of units, these amounts will reduce your tax cost base regardless of whether you make a capital gain or loss.

Return of capital

Amounts distributed that are not assessable at the time of distribution. If you receive a return of capital amount on redemption of your units, this amount will reduce your tax cost base regardless of whether you make a capital gain or loss.

Capital gains

Capital gains - discount method TARP

The net capital gain on investments that relates to Taxable Australian Real Property (TARP) and held for at least 12 months. These gains are eligible for the 50% CGT discount, and this discount has been applied. You will need to multiply this amount by two to determine your gross discount capital gain if you need to apply capital losses or apply an alternative CGT discount rate. Individuals are eligible for a 50% CGT discount and complying superannuation funds for a 33½% CGT discount. Companies are not eligible for the CGT discount.

Legislation has been passed that removes the 50% CGT discount for non-residents on capital gains accrued after 8 May 2012. Non resident investors may need to determine their CGT position taking this into account. We recommend you seek tax advice specific to your individual circumstances.

Capital gains – discount method NTARP

The net capital gain on investments that relates to Non-Taxable Australian Real Property (NTARP) and held for at least 12 months. These gains are eligible for the 50% CGT discount, and this discount has been applied. You will need to multiply this amount by two to determine your gross discount capital gain if you need to apply capital losses or apply an alternative CGT discount rate. Individuals are eligible for a 50% CGT discount and complying superannuation funds for a 33¹/₃% CGT discount. Companies are not eligible for the CGT discount. Non-residents of Australia are not required to pay Australian tax on capital gains that relate to NTARP.

CGT concession amount - TARP and NTARP

The portion of the discount capital gain which is not assessable. In some circumstances the CGT concession amount will not equal the discount capital gain. To obtain the correct gross discount gain for loss offset purposes or to apply an alternative discount rate, the discount capital gain must be multiplied by two.

Capital gains - indexation method TARP

The net capital gain on investments that were TARP, purchased before 21 September 1999 and held for at least 12 months. The indexation method calculates the capital gain using an 'indexed cost base' which is indexed up to 30 September 1999. Where investments are purchased before 21 September 1999 and held for at least 12 months, the indexation or discount method can be used to calculate the net capital gain.

Capital gains – indexation method NTARP

The net capital gain on investments that were NTARP, purchased before 21 September 1999 and held for at least 12 months. The indexation method calculates the capital gain using an 'indexed cost base' which is indexed up to 30 September 1999. Where investments are purchased before 21 September 1999 and held for at least 12 months, the indexation or discount method can be used to calculate the net capital gain. Non-residents of Australia are not required to pay Australian tax on capital gains that relate to NTARP.

Capital gains - other method TARP

The net capital gain on investments that were TARP and sold within 12 months of purchase. These short-term capital gains are not eligible for indexation or discount.

Capital gains – other method NTARP

The net capital gain on investments that were NTARP and sold within 12 months of purchase. These short-term capital gains are not eligible for indexation or discount. Non-residents of Australia are not required to pay Australian tax on capital gains that relate to NTARP.

Tax

TFN/ABN withholding tax

The tax is withheld at 46.5%, (this rate will increase to 49% from 1 July 2014) when a Tax File Number (TFN), a TFN exemption or an Australian Business Number (ABN) has not been provided to us.

Non-resident withholding tax – MIT

The tax withheld from Australian source income and capital gains TARP paid to non-resident investors. Distributions of interest, dividends and capital gains NTARP are not subject to this nonresident tax.

Non-resident withholding tax – others

The tax withheld on Australian source unfranked dividends and interest paid to non-resident investors.

Rebates and Bonus interest

Management Fee rebates

The payment of a Management Fee rebate arises where the Management Fee charged to a trust is higher than the Management Fee applicable to your investment. The Management Fee rebate is paid to you as additional units or cash.

Other rebates

These are rebates of ongoing commissions that are payable to your financial adviser, and are paid as additional units if your financial adviser elects to rebate their ongoing commission to you.

Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units

TAXABLE CAPITAL GAINS/LOSS ON REDEMPTION OF UNITS

Name of Trust	Issue date	Investment amount	Withdrawal date	Withdrawal amount	Capital Gains Other	Capital Gains Indexation	Capital Gains Discounted	Capital Loss
ANZ OA Blue Chip Imputation Trust								
	11/06/1998	\$10,000.00	01/02/2014	\$10,472.79		\$298.25	\$249.51	
	14/07/1998	\$249.66	01/02/2014	\$255.57		\$2.26	\$3.26	
	02/01/1998	\$67.45	01/02/2014	\$71.83		\$3.68	\$2.25	
	06/01/1998	\$93.48	01/02/2014	\$93.27				(\$0.21)
	06/04/1998	\$43.44	01/02/2014	\$41.98				(\$1.42)

Your investment amount may not be the same as your tax cost base. Therefore, your Withdrawal amount less your Investment amount may not equal your Capital Gain or Capital Loss.

Please refer to your Tax Guide 2014 for further information regarding this statement and how to complete your 2014 individual tax return.

This example is provided for illustrative purposes only.

This section of your Statement details the CGT information resulting from redemption of units from your investment throughout the financial year. A redemption of units can occur when you request to withdraw money, switch between investment funds or pay a fee from your investment. If you have not had a redemption of units processed from your investment that has resulted in a capital gain or loss, you will not have a 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section in your Statement and you can disregard the information in this section of this Tax Guide.

If a redemption of units has been processed, the 'Total current year capital gains' (tax return label 18H) and 'Net capital gain' (tax return label 18A) fields in the 'Tax return information' section of your Statement will be populated with a # symbol. To calculate the amounts required for these tax return labels, please follow the steps provided below. You may require some paper to complete the necessary calculations.

Where a redemption of units has resulted in a zero capital gain, this transaction is not reported in the 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section of your Statement and you are not required to calculate a capital gain or loss.

Please note, if you have made a capital gain or loss from other investments outside of your ANZ investment, you will need to take these into account when calculating your Capital Gains Tax liability.

For investors in the ANZ Cash Plus Fund, ANZ Direct Managed Investments, ANZ Master Trusts, ANZ OA OnePath Select Leaders Trust, ANZ Property Securities Fund and investors with commencement dates prior to 1 June 2003 in ANZ OneAnswer Investment Portfolio, capital gains on the redemption of units is not reported. This information will need to be determined from your transaction records.

Step 1

Print 'Y' in Question 18, Label G of the 2014 individual tax return. If you do not have capital losses from the current year or previous years, go to Step 2. If you have capital losses from the current year or carried forward capital losses from a previous year, go to Step 6.

Step 2

Refer to the 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section of your Statement.

- 2A Take the total of the amounts shown in the 'Capital gains other' column.
- 2B Refer to your 'Capital gains indexation' and 'Capital gains discounted' columns. Where you have an amount in both these

columns, you must choose between the two methods. The choice of the lowest amount in either column will result in the lowest capital gain. Add together the amounts you have selected in the 'Capital gains indexation' column to get a subtotal. Remember where there is only an amount in one column you must select that amount.

- 2C Add all amounts that you have selected in the 'Capital gains discounted' column to get a subtotal.
- 2D Calculate your CGT concession amount. This is the same amount as the total you have calculated for the 'Capital gains discounted' column in Step 2C.

Step 3

Refer to the 'Detailed breakdown of distribution components' section of your Statement. If you have more than one investment fund this information may appear across multiple pages. Please ensure you include the information for all the investment funds that appear on your Statement.

- 3A If you have amounts labelled 'Capital gains indexation method TARP and/or NTARP' and/or 'Capital gains – other method TARP and/or NTARP', add each of these to your subtotals calculated in Step 2A and Step 2B. This amount is called your 'Total capital gains – indexation and other method'.
- 3B If you have amounts labelled 'Capital gains discount method TARP and/or NTARP' add this to the subtotal identified in Step 2C. This amount is called your 'Total discounted capital gains'.
- 3C Calculate your CGT concession amount. This is the same amount as the total you have calculated in Step 3B. Add this to the subtotal in Step 2D. This amount is called your 'Total CGT concession amount'.

Step 4

Add together the three amounts calculated in Step 3 (3A + 3B + 3C). This is your 'Total current year capital gains'. Enter this amount at Question 18, Label H on your 2014 individual tax return.

Step 5

Add together the amounts calculated in Steps 3A and 3B. This is your 'Net capital gain'. Enter this amount at Question 18, Label A on your 2014 individual tax return.

Question 18 of your 2014 individual tax return is complete. **Please** disregard the remaining steps in this section of this Tax Guide.

Step 6 (start here if you have capital losses)

Refer to the 'Detailed breakdown of distribution components' section of your Statement and make subtotals for the following questions. If you have more than one investment fund this information may appear across multiple pages. Please ensure you include the information for all investment funds that appear on your Statement.

- 6A Subtotal all amounts labelled 'Capital gains indexation method TARP and/or NTARP' and 'Capital gains – other method TARP and/or NTARP'.
- 6B Subtotal all amounts labelled 'Capital gains discount method TARP and/or NTARP'.

Step 7

Refer to the 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section of your Statement.

- 7A Take the total of the amounts shown in the 'Capital gains other' column and add this subtotal to Step 6A. This is your subtotal 'Capital gains indexation and other method'.
- 7B Take the total of the amounts shown in the 'Capital loss' column and add any other capital losses from current and previous years. This is your 'Total capital losses'.

Step 8

Refer to the 'Capital gains indexation' and 'Capital gains discounted' columns in the 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section of your Statement. Where you have amounts in both these columns, you need to select one amount for each transaction. As a guide, refer to the table provided below.

'Capital gains – indexation and other method' and 'Total capital losses' (calculated in Step 7)	Amount to select for each transaction
If 'Total capital losses' exceed 'Capital gains – indexation and other method'	then select 'Capital gains indexation' amount.
If 'Total capital losses' equal 'Capital gains – indexation and other method'	then select the lowest gain amount, either 'Capital gains indexation' or 'Capital gains discounted'.
If 'Total capital losses' is less than 'Capital gains – indexation and other method'	then select the lowest gain amount, either 'Capital gains indexation' or 'Capital gains discounted'.

Step 9

Refer to the 'Taxable capital gains/loss on redemption of units' section of your Statement.

- 9A Add together all the 'Capital gains indexation' amounts selected in Step 8 to get a subtotal.
- 9B Add together the amounts you have selected in the 'Capital gains discounted' column to the amounts in the 'Capital gains discounted' column where no choice is available to get a subtotal.
- 9C Add the subtotal of the 'Capital gains indexation' column from Step 9A to your subtotal 'Capital gains – indexation and other method' from Step 7A. This is your 'Total capital gains – indexation and other method'.

- 9D Add the amount calculated in Step 9B to Step 6B. This is your 'Total discounted capital gain'.
- 9E Multiply the amount calculated in Step 9D by two. This is your 'Gross discounted capital gain'.
- 9F Add the amount calculated in Step 9C to Step 9E. This is your 'Total current year capital gains'. Enter this amount at Question 18, Label H on your 2014 individual tax return.

Step 10

You will need to follow one of the steps below (either 10A, 10B or 10C), depending on your situation.

10A If your 'Total capital losses' (Step 7B) equals 'Total current year capital gains' (Step 9F), put a zero in Question 18, Label A 'Net capital gain' of the 2014 individual tax return.

Question 18 of your 2014 individual tax return is complete. Please disregard the remaining steps in this section of this Tax Guide.

10B If your 'Total capital losses' (Step 7B) exceeds 'Total current year capital gains' (Step 9F), put a zero in Question 18, Label A 'Net capital gain'. Then subtract the 'Total current year capital gains' (Step 9F) from 'Total capital losses' (Step 7B) and put the result in Question 18, Label V 'Net capital losses carried forward to later income years' of your 2014 individual tax return.

Question 18 of your 2014 individual tax return is complete. Please disregard the remaining steps in this section of this Tax Guide.

10C If your 'Total capital losses' (Step 7B) is less than or equal to your Step 9C calculation, go to Step 11, or if your 'Total capital losses' (Step 7B) is more than your Step 9C calculation, go to Step 12.

Step 11

Subtract 'Total capital losses' (Step 7B) from your 'Total capital gains – indexation and other method' (Step 9C). The balance will be your new 'Total capital gains – indexation and other method' component. Add together the new 'Total capital gains – indexation and other method' component and the 'Total discounted capital gain' (Step 9D). Put this total into Question 18, Label A 'Net capital gain' of your 2014 individual tax return.

Question 18 of your 2014 individual tax return is complete. Please disregard the remaining steps in this section of this Tax Guide.

Step 12

- 12A Subtract 'Total capital gains indexation and other method' (Step 9C) from 'Total capital losses' (Step 7B). The balance will be your remaining capital losses.
- 12B Subtract the remaining capital losses (Step 12A) from the 'Gross discounted capital gain' (Step 9E). The balance will be the 'Net discounted capital gain'.
- 12C Halve the 'Net discounted capital gain' (Step 12B). One half will be the 'Discounted capital gain' which is what you put into Question 18, Label A 'Net capital gain' of the 2014 individual tax return. The remaining half is the new 'CGT concession amount' which does not need to be included in your 2014 individual tax return.

Question 18 of your 2014 individual tax return is complete.

Other important taxation information

Capital losses

A capital loss occurs when the tax cost base or reduced cost base of an investment exceeds the capital proceeds on disposal of the investment. Capital losses will be adjusted for tax-free amounts if applicable. Capital losses can only be offset against current year capital gains or carried forward to offset future capital gains.

Adviser Service Fee

You may elect to pay your financial adviser an Adviser Service Fee from your investment. This fee is deducted from your investment and is shown on your Statement. The deductibility of this fee is unclear. We recommend you seek tax advice about the deductibility of any Adviser Service Fee you may have paid.

Refund of franking credits

If you do not have to lodge a 2014 tax return, but have received franking credits from your investment, you may be entitled to a refund of franking credits. For information as to whether you are entitled to a refund of franking credits, please talk to your tax adviser or contact the ATO on 13 28 61.

Customer Services

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The information is current at 30 June 2014, but is subject to change. The information provided is of a general nature and does not take into account your personal needs, financial circumstances or objectives. Before acting on this information, you should consider the appropriateness of the information, having regard to your needs, financial circumstances and objectives.

This document also sets out general information as to the possible taxation consequences relating to your investment with the issuer. This information is based on our views of the current interpretations

of tax law, which may change over time. The case study used in this document is hypothetical and is not meant to illustrate the circumstances of any particular individual.

OnePath Funds Management Limited is not a registered tax (financial) adviser. If you intend to rely on the information provided in this guide for tax purposes, we recommend that you seek independent tax advice from a registered tax (financial) adviser or registered tax agent.

You should read the PDS available at anz.com and consider whether a particular product is right for you before making a decision to acquire or continue to hold the product.

